## Thalictricoside, a New Phenolic Compound from Thalictrum orientale

F. Zerrin Erdemgil<sup>a\*</sup>, Kemal Hüsnü Can Baser<sup>a</sup>, Pinar Akbay<sup>b</sup>, Otto Sticher<sup>b</sup>, and Ihsan Çalis<sup>c</sup>

- a Medicinal and Aromatic Plants and Drug Research Centre (TBAM), Anadolu University, 26470 Eskisehir, Turkey. Fax: 02223350750. E-mail: zerdemgi@anadolu.edu.tr
- Department of Applied BioSciences, Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) Zurich, CH-8057 Zurich, Switzerland
   Department of Pharmacognosy, Faculty of Pharmacy, Hacettepe University,
- TR-06100 Ankara, Turkey
- \* Author for correspondence and reprint requests

Z. Naturforsch. **58c**, 632–636 (2003); received February 10/March 31, 2003

From the underground parts of *Thalictrum orientale* Boiss., a new phenolic compound **1** was isolated in addition to one known cyanoglycoside, lithospermoside (**2**). For the structure elucidation of all compounds, 1D- and 2D-NMR techniques (DEPT, COSY, HMBC, HSQC) and MS (HR-MALDI) were used. The structure of the new compound was established as 2-

(4'-hydroxyphenyl)-nitroethane-4'-O-[ $\beta$ -xylopyranosyl-(1 $\rightarrow$ 6)- $\beta$ -glucopyranoside] (1). Key words: Thalictrum orientale, Ranunculaceae Family, Thalictricoside, Lithospermoside